



MODERNAGE

PAKISTAN

A place to flourish, thrive & shine

WINTER HOMEWORK



Grade V



Website: www.maps.edu.pk

Modernage Public School & College, Pakistan
Homework for Winter Break Class Five
Session 2025 – 26

Dear Parents/Guardians

Finally, Winter is here, signaling the end of the Academic session 2024 and start of a winter break.

We take great pleasure in announcing the successful culmination of the academic session 2024. Observing the continuous development and advancement of your child has been a source of immense satisfaction. To foster ongoing engagement with education during the holiday period, we are providing a comprehensive work pack comprising a multitude of enjoyable tasks and intellectually stimulating activities. Thank you for being an integral partner in your child's education. We eagerly anticipate another year of mutual growth and learning.

Dear Modernites!

Reflect on the achievements and lessons learned during the previous academic session. Complete the assigned exercises in your respective subjects, embracing the knowledge gained. Take a moment to chill and recharge during this winter break. Use the new year as a fresh start for academic goals and personal growth. Ensure neatness and organization in your work. We hope that you have cheerful and safe Winter vacation with your families.

The school will remain closed for winter vacation from **Fri, 20th December, 2024 till Sun 02nd March, 2025** and reopen on **Mon 03rd March, 2025 In Sha Allah.**

Submit the completed assignment till 10th March 2025.

Looking forward to your cooperation. A copy of this homework is also available at the official webpage www.maps.edu.pk, the portal and app of Modernage.

Best Regards

Academic Coordinator

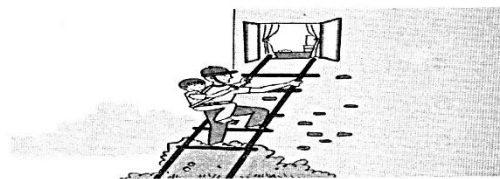
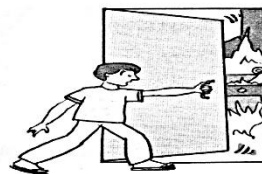
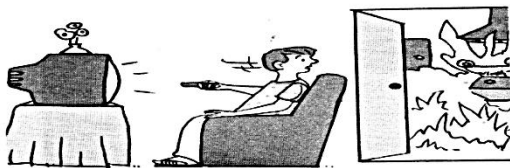
Happy New Year.

Note: Certificates will be awarded for extra ordinary efforts and complete homework. Each task carries 10 marks. Please use loose sheets for your assignments.

Note for the Students:

1. Read at least 2 story books of English and Urdu to enhance the reading skills and write the central idea and review of them. Write at least 50 new words from the story books that you have read.
2. Recite any poem with action from your book, make a video and share with your teacher.
3. Learn and write multiplication tables from 2 – 16 up to 12 times. Write each table 3 times on loose sheets.
4. Take a few pictures from newspapers or magazines about environmental issues. Cut and paste those pictures on blank sheets. Write suggestions about what will be your contribution towards resolving those issues.
5. Make sure to write one page in cursive every day. Learn the basic strokes using the link provided. https://youtu.be/6W4cfuvwsg0?si=LsubKr_viBn1CQPX

1. Create a dialogue between two winter animals discussing their favourite winter activities.
2. Which character from your favourite book would you most like to meet and why?
3. Read a paragraph from a newspaper and make a list of parts of speech (noun, adjective, adverb, etc) from that paragraph.
4. Spot examples of figurative language such as similes, metaphors, or personification from your favourite story book.
5. Write a story on topic "On a dark spooky night".
6. You must have heard about someone famous who has done something wonderful for the world and its people. He or she may be an inventor, a scientist, a doctor, a musician and so on. Write a short story about a famous person who has inspired you. Write about his/ her achievements and how his/ her efforts have helped people. You might have to do a bit of research to collect information about that person.
7. Imagine yourself to be a space traveller.
 - i. Which planet would you like to go to?
 - ii. What would you travel on?
 - iii. Who would you take with you? Make a list of some very important things you will take along.
8. Do you remember your dreams?
 - i. Write about a dream you clearly remember. Write everything just as you saw it.
 - ii. Did you see yourself?
 - iii. Was it about other people?
 - iv. At what place did the dream happening take place?
9. Study these pictures and write a description of the incident.
These words may be useful: flame, fire service, window sill



Begin your description like this.

It was seven o' clock in the evening. Arham was alone at home. He was watching television. Suddenly, he

10. Read the given text and make a timeline of events.

Tasmania was originally called Van Diemen's Land. In 1853, the name was changed to Tasmania because the colony had become self-governing and the convicts had stopped coming.

Because Tasmania is such a small island, most of the journeys made by explorers were short. However, some of these journeys were difficult because of the harsh land, steep mountains, dense bush and fast rivers.

In 1793, Lieutenant John Hayes named the Derwent River and George Harris sailed the Huon River in 1804. Lieutenant Thomas Laycock became the first person to cross Van Diemen's Land when he travelled from Port Dalrymple to Hobart. Charles Grimes followed the Jordan Valley, crossing the island from south to north. In 1815-16, James Kelly and four companions circumnavigated the island in a whaleboat. On the west coast Kelly gave Macquarie Harbour its name. In 1819-20, Henry Rice explored much of the east coast, discovering some good farming land. James Hobbs and twelve convicts explored the west coast in two whaleboats in 1824. They came across dense bush and steep mountains inland.

Henry Hellyer explored the north-west of Tasmania in 1827. He named many places such as Hampshire Hills and St. Valentine's Peak. In the same year, Joseph Fossey trekked overland from Launceston to Emu Bay (now called Burnie).

Construct a timeline showing the exploration of Tasmania.

Timeline of Tasmania's Explorers

Year	Name of Explorer and what he did
1793	
1804	
1807	
1807	
1815 - 16	
1819 - 20	
1824	
1827	
1827	

- 11.** There is a lot of pollution in our environment due to smoke from the vehicles. Write a short poem or paragraph telling how this smoke harms and disturbs the people of the city.
- 12.** Listen to the English news on TV daily from Monday to Friday and write about at least 3 news that you have heard in your own words.

Modernage Public School, Township Campus

Spelling Bee List

Grade 5

1. **Wilderness**

-**Meaning:** An area of wild, untamed land.

-**Sentence:** We explored the wilderness and saw deer and wildflowers.

2. **Preserving**

-**Meaning:** Keeping something in its original condition.

-**Sentence:** She is preserving the old photographs in a special album.

3. **Passionate**

-**Meaning:** Showing strong emotions or enthusiasm.

-**Sentence:** He is passionate about playing the guitar.

4. **Inaccessible**

-**Meaning:** Hard or impossible to reach.

-**Sentence:** The mountain peak was inaccessible due to heavy snow.

5. **Flints**

-**Meaning:** Hard stones used to create sparks or make tools.

-**Sentence:** Early humans used flints to start fires.

6. **Embers**

-**Meaning:** Small, glowing pieces of coal or wood in a fire.

-**Sentence:** The embers in the fireplace kept us warm all night.

7. **Blazing**

-**Meaning:** Very bright or intense.

-**Sentence:** The sun was blazing in the sky on the hot summer day.

8. **Disoriented**

-**Meaning:** Confused or lost.

-**Sentence:** She felt disoriented after waking up in a new place.

9. **Hauling**

-**Meaning:** Pulling or carrying something heavy.

-**Sentence:** The workers were hauling boxes into the truck.

10. **Sanitation**

-**Meaning:** Cleanliness and hygiene.

-**Sentence:** Proper sanitation is important to prevent diseases.

11. Specialised

-**Meaning:** Focused on a specific skill or subject.

-*Sentence:* Doctors often have specialised knowledge in certain areas of medicine.

12. Widespread

-**Meaning:** Found or happening over a large area.

-*Sentence:* The storm caused widespread damage across the city.

13. Sepsis

-**Meaning:** A dangerous infection in the body.

-*Sentence:* Sepsis can occur if a serious wound is not treated properly.

14. Fatal

-**Meaning:** Causing death.

-*Sentence:* Driving without a seatbelt can lead to fatal accidents.

15. Reservoirs

-**Meaning:** Large lakes used to store water.

-*Sentence:* The town relies on reservoirs for its drinking water.

16. Distant

-**Meaning:** Far away.

-*Sentence:* We could see the distant mountains from our balcony.

17. Collapse

-**Meaning:** To fall down suddenly.

-*Sentence:* The building began to collapse during the earthquake.

18. Outbreak

-**Meaning:** A sudden spread of something, especially disease.

-*Sentence:* There was an outbreak of flu at the school last winter.

19. Epidemic

-**Meaning:** A large number of cases of a disease in a community.

-*Sentence:* The epidemic affected thousands of people in the region.

20. Autobiography

-**Meaning:** A book someone writes about their own life.

-*Sentence:* I read an autobiography about a famous scientist.

21. Salvage

-**Meaning:** To save something from being lost or destroyed.

-*Sentence:* We tried to salvage as much furniture as we could after the flood.

22. Acquisition

-**Meaning:** The act of getting something.

-*Sentence:* The museum's latest acquisition is a rare painting.

23. Petrified

-**Meaning:** Very scared or turned into stone.

-*Sentence:* She was petrified of the loud thunder during the storm.

24. Decked

-**Meaning:** Decorated.

-*Sentence:* The room was decked with lights for the holiday party.

25. Rattles

-**Meaning:** Makes a series of sharp, short sounds.

-*Sentence:* The wind rattles the windows during the storm.

26. Dissection

-**Meaning:** Cutting something apart to study it.

-*Sentence:* In science class, we did a dissection of a flower to learn about its parts.

27. Partridge

-**Meaning:** A type of bird often found in forests or fields.

-*Sentence:* We spotted a partridge while walking through the woods.

28. Wicker

-**Meaning:** Material made from thin branches used to make furniture or baskets.

-*Sentence:* She bought a wicker basket for carrying fruits.

29. Mounds

- **Meaning:** Small hills or piles.

- *Sentence:* Ants were busy building mounds of dirt near the tree.

30. Brass

-**Meaning:** A yellowish metal made of copper and zinc.

-*Sentence:* The doorknob was made of shiny brass.

31. Mortar

-**Meaning:** A bowl used for grinding substances.

-*Sentence:* The chef used a mortar and pestle to crush the spices.

32. Turbaned

-Meaning: Wearing a turban (a type of headwear).

-Sentence: The turbaned man greeted us warmly at the market.

33. Rigged

-Meaning: Set up or prepared, often dishonestly.

-Sentence: The sailors rigged the ship's sails before the storm arrived.

34. Merchants

-Meaning: People who buy and sell goods.

-Sentence: Merchants in the market were selling fresh fruits and vegetables.

35. Imitated

-Meaning: Copied someone or something.

-Sentence: The little boy imitated his father's actions perfectly.

36. Deliberating

-Meaning: Thinking carefully before making a decision.

-Sentence: The judges were deliberating on who should win the contest.

37. Crumpled

-Meaning: Wrinkled or crushed.

-Sentence: He crumpled the paper and threw it into the trash can.

38. Dervish

-Meaning: A person who moves or spins energetically, often in religious rituals.

-Sentence: The dancer spun like a dervish in the middle of the stage.

39. Muttered

- Meaning: Spoke quietly or unclearly.

- Sentence: She muttered something under her breath when she was annoyed.

40. Clinked

- Meaning: Made a light, ringing sound.

- Sentence: The glasses clinked as they toasted to the celebration.

41. Dangled

- Meaning: Hung or swung loosely.

- Sentence: The keys dangled from the hook near the door.

42. Squeaking

- Meaning: Making a high-pitched sound.

- Sentence: The old floorboards were squeaking as we walked across them.

43. Grunt

-Meaning: A low, rough sound made by a person or animal.

-*Sentence*: The pig let out a loud grunt as it ate.

44. Heaving

- **Meaning**: Lifting or pulling something heavy.

- *Sentence*: The workers were heaving the heavy logs onto the truck.

45. Clatter

- **Meaning**: A series of loud, rattling noises.

- *Sentence*: The dishes fell with a loud clatter onto the floor.

46. Primitive

- **Meaning**: Simple and not advanced.

- *Sentence*: The tools used by early humans were very primitive.

47. Ceaseless

- **Meaning**: Never stopping.

- *Sentence*: The ceaseless sound of the rain kept me awake all night.

48. Mopeds

- **Meaning**: Small motorized bikes.

- *Sentence*: Mopeds are a common mode of transportation in the city.

49. Growl

- **Meaning**: A low, threatening sound made by animals or people.

- *Sentence*: The dog began to growl when it saw a stranger approaching.

50. Feeble

- **Meaning**: Weak or lacking strength.

- *Sentence*: After being sick for weeks, he felt very feeble.

51. Splutter

- **Meaning**: To speak or make sounds in a confused or excited way.

- *Sentence*: She began to splutter with surprise when she saw the gift.

52. Wail

- **Meaning**: A long, loud cry of sadness or pain.

- *Sentence*: The baby let out a wail when she dropped her toy.

53. Bellowing

- **Meaning**: A loud, deep sound, often from an animal or person.

- *Sentence*: The farmer could hear the bellowing of cows in the distance.

54. Pneumatic

- **Meaning**: Operated by air or gas pressure.

- *Sentence*: The mechanic used a pneumatic drill to fix the tires.

55. Repertoire

-**Meaning**: A collection of skills or works that someone can perform.

-*Sentence*: The pianist played several pieces from his repertoire.

56. **Distinctive**

-**Meaning**: Unique or easily recognizable.

-*Sentence*: The bird had a distinctive call that was easy to identify.

57. **Pungency**

-**Meaning**: A strong, sharp smell or taste.

-*Sentence*: The pungency of the onions made her eyes water.

58. **Reek**

-**Meaning**: A strong and unpleasant smell.

-*Sentence*: The trash began to reek after being in the sun all day.

59. **Effluvia**

-**Meaning**: Unpleasant odours or fumes.

-*Sentence*: The factory released effluvia that could be smelled from miles away.

60. **Philanthropic**

-**Meaning**: Showing kindness and generosity, especially by giving money to help others.

-*Sentence*: The philanthropic organization built schools in rural areas.

61. **Laudable**

-**Meaning**: Deserving praise or admiration.

-*Sentence*: Her efforts to clean up the environment are truly laudable.

62. **Exceptional**

-**Meaning**: Unusually good.

-*Sentence*: His performance in the play was exceptional and earned a standing ovation.

63. **Worthy**

-**Meaning**: Deserving respect or attention.

-*Sentence*: The charity event was a worthy cause to support.

64. **Dedicated**

-**Meaning**: Devoted to a task or purpose.

-*Sentence*: She is a dedicated teacher who always helps her students succeed.

65. **Tangible**

-**Meaning**: Something that can be touched or felt.

-*Sentence*: The excitement in the room was almost tangible during the celebration.

66. Invincible

-**Meaning:** Unable to be defeated or overcome.

-*Sentence:* The superhero seemed invincible in the battle against evil.

67. Sustain

-**Meaning:** To support or maintain something.

-*Sentence:* We need to find ways to sustain the environment for future generations.

68. Molluscs

-**Meaning:** Soft-bodied animals, often with shells, like snails and clams.

-*Sentence:* Molluscs are commonly found in ocean waters and on beaches.

69. Trawler

-**Meaning:** A fishing boat that catches fish using nets.

-*Sentence:* The trawler returned to shore with a large catch of fish.

70. Fanatically

- **Meaning:** With extreme enthusiasm or passion.

-*Sentence:* He fanatically supported his favorite football team, attending every game.

71. Pails

-**Meaning:** Buckets, often used for carrying liquids.

-*Sentence:* She carried two pails of water from the well.

72. Astonished

-**Meaning:** Very surprised or amazed.

-*Sentence:* I was astonished to see snow in the middle of summer.

73. Thuds

-**Meaning:** Dull, heavy sounds made by something hitting a surface.

-*Sentence:* The book fell to the ground with a loud thud.

74. Putrefied

-**Meaning:** Decayed or rotted, usually with a bad smell.

-*Sentence:* The fruit had putrefied after being left outside for weeks.

75. Fermented

-**Meaning:** Gone through a chemical change to produce alcohol or gas.

-*Sentence:* Grapes are fermented to make wine.

76. Scrape

-**Meaning:** To rub something against a surface, often causing damage.

-*Sentence:* I accidentally scraped my knee while climbing the tree.

77. Lumps

-Meaning: Irregularly shaped solid pieces or masses.

-Sentence: The soup had lumps of potatoes and carrots in it.

78. Hosed

-Meaning: Sprayed or cleaned with a hose.

-Sentence: The firefighters hosed down the burning house.

79. Gagging

-Meaning: Feeling like you are going to vomit.

-Sentence: The terrible smell of the garbage had everyone gagging.

80. Stench

-Meaning: A very bad smell.

-Sentence: The stench from the sewage was unbearable.

81. Ingenious

-Meaning: Very clever or inventive.

-Sentence: The boy came up with an ingenious solution to fix his broken toy.

82. Essence

-Meaning: The most important part or quality of something.

-Sentence: The essence of a good story is a strong plot and interesting characters.

83. Miasma

-Meaning: A bad-smelling or unhealthy atmosphere.

-Sentence: The miasma from the swamp made it hard to breathe.

84. Grotesque

-Meaning: Very strange or ugly in an unnatural way.

-Sentence: The painting showed a grotesque face with exaggerated features.

85. Mythology

-Meaning: A collection of myths or stories from ancient cultures.

-Sentence: Greek mythology includes stories about gods like Zeus and Athena.

86. Enchanting

-Meaning: Delightful and charming.

-Sentence: The fairy tale had an enchanting forest filled with magical creatures.

87. Imprisonment

-Meaning: Being locked up or confined.

-Sentence: The criminal faced imprisonment for his actions.

88. Stiffly

-Meaning: Moving in a way that is not relaxed or flexible.

-Sentence: He walked stiffly after sitting for hours in the cold.

89. Evidently

-Meaning: Clearly or obviously.

-Sentence: She was evidently upset after hearing the bad news.

90. Applauded

-Meaning: Clapped hands to show approval or praise.

-Sentence: The audience applauded loudly after the performance.

91. Creaking

-Meaning: A noise made when something old or rusty moves.

-Sentence: The old wooden door opened with a loud creaking sound.

92. Paraded

-Meaning: Marched in a public display or celebration.

-Sentence: The soldiers paraded through the streets after their victory.

93. Disgorging

-Meaning: Emptying out or releasing something.

-Sentence: The volcano was disgorging hot lava and ash.

94. Filth

-Meaning: Extreme dirt or something very dirty.

-Sentence: The abandoned house was filled with filth and cobwebs.

95. Mantle

-Meaning: A covering or layer over something.

-Sentence: Snow created a white mantle over the entire landscape.

96. Obliterate

-Meaning: To destroy completely.

-Sentence: The storm obliterated the small village by the coast.

97. Swirling

-Meaning: Moving in circles or spirals.

-Sentence: The leaves were swirling in the wind.

98. Jostle

-Meaning: To push or bump against someone roughly.

-Sentence: The crowd began to jostle as they tried to get closer to the stage.

99. Brink

-Meaning: The edge or verge of something.

-Sentence: He stood on the brink of the cliff, looking down at the ocean.

100. Festering

- **Meaning:** Rotting, Something that is getting worse.
- *Sentence:* The garbage smelled awful because it was festering in the heat.

101. Indigenous

- **Meaning:** Native or originating naturally in a particular place.
- *Sentence:* The kangaroo is indigenous to Australia.

102. Bask

- **Meaning:** To lie or relax in a warm or pleasant atmosphere.
- *Sentence:* The cat basked in the sunlight by the window.

103. Reflective

- **Meaning:** Thinking deeply or showing careful thought.
- *Sentence:* She had a reflective expression as she considered her options.

104. Excavators

- **Meaning:** Machines or people that dig or remove earth.
- *Sentence:* The excavators worked tirelessly to uncover the ancient ruins.

105. Diversity

- **Meaning:** A variety or range of different things or people.
- *Sentence:* The garden's diversity of flowers made it colorful and beautiful.

106. Invading

- **Meaning:** Entering a place forcefully or without permission.
- *Sentence:* The ants were invading the kitchen in search of food.

107. Erected

- **Meaning:** Built or put up a structure.
- *Sentence:* A tall fence was erected around the playground for safety.

108. Condemn

- **Meaning:** To strongly criticize or disapprove of something.
- *Sentence:* The mayor condemned the actions of the vandals.

109. Deforestation

- **Meaning:** The clearing or cutting down of trees in a forest.
- *Sentence:* Deforestation is a major cause of habitat loss for wildlife.

110. Commotion

- **Meaning:** A lot of noise or confusion.
- *Sentence:* There was a commotion in the classroom when the balloon popped.

111. Placid

- **Meaning:** Calm and peaceful.
- *Sentence:* The placid lake reflected the mountains perfectly.

112. Tempestuous

- **Meaning:** Full of strong emotions or storms.
- *Sentence:* Their tempestuous argument could be heard from across the room.

113. Colossal

- **Meaning:** Extremely large or massive.
- *Sentence:* The colossal statue stood proudly in the middle of the park.

114. Crest

- **Meaning:** The top of a hill or wave.
- *Sentence:* They reached the crest of the mountain after hours of climbing.

115. Plummet

- **Meaning:** To fall quickly and suddenly from a high place.
- *Sentence:* The bird began to plummet toward the ground before catching the wind.

116. Walloped

- **Meaning:** Hit something very hard.
- *Sentence:* He walloped the baseball with all his strength.

117. Grazing

- **Meaning:** Feeding on grass or low plants.
- *Sentence:* The cows were grazing peacefully in the meadow.

118. Profusely

- **Meaning:** A lot or in large amounts.
- *Sentence:* She apologized profusely for arriving late to the meeting.

119. Coarse

- **Meaning:** Rough or not smooth.
- *Sentence:* The sandpaper had a coarse texture that smoothed the wood.

120. Dazed

- **Meaning:** Confused and unable to think clearly.
- *Sentence:* He looked dazed after being hit on the head by the ball.

121. Searing

- **Meaning:** Very hot or intense.
- *Sentence:* The desert heat was searing, making it hard to stay outside for long.

122. Dabbed

- **Meaning:** Touched something lightly or gently, usually to clean or dry.
- *Sentence:* She dabbed her tears with a soft tissue.

123. Recreation

- **Meaning:** Activities done for fun or relaxation.
- *Sentence:* Swimming is a popular form of recreation during summer.

124. Sewage

- **Meaning:** Waste water and materials carried away in drains.
- *Sentence:* The sewage treatment plant cleans the water before it is released.

125. Debris

- **Meaning:** Scattered pieces of waste or remains.
- *Sentence:* The storm left debris all over the streets.

126. Steeply

- **Meaning:** Rising or falling sharply.
- *Sentence:* The hill rose steeply, making it a difficult climb.

127. Consumption

- **Meaning:** The act of using or eating something.
- *Sentence:* The town's water consumption increased during the summer.

128. Entanglement

- **Meaning:** A complicated or twisted situation or condition.
- *Sentence:* The fisherman worked to free the fish from the entanglement of the net.

129. Ingestion

- **Meaning:** The act of taking in food or drink.
- *Sentence:* Ingestion of spoiled food can make you sick.

130. Toxins

- **Meaning:** Poisonous substances produced by living organisms.
- *Sentence:* Some mushrooms contain toxins that are harmful if eaten.

131. Vulnerable

- **Meaning:** Open to harm, damage, or attack.
- *Sentence:* The baby birds were vulnerable without their mother to protect them.

132. Infrastructure

- **Meaning:** The basic physical and organizational structures of a place, like roads, buildings, and power supplies.

- *Sentence*: The city improved its infrastructure by building new bridges and railways.

133. Exponentially

- **Meaning**: Increasing at a very fast rate.

- *Sentence*: The number of visitors to the website grew exponentially after the launch.

134. Disposal

- **Meaning**: The act of getting rid of something.

- *Sentence*: Proper disposal of garbage helps keep the environment clean.

135. Incinerated

- **Meaning**: Burned completely to ashes.

- *Sentence*: The old documents were incinerated to protect sensitive information.

136. Generated

- **Meaning**: Created or produced.

- *Sentence*: The wind turbines generated enough electricity to power the entire village.

137. Degradation

- **Meaning**: The process of something becoming worse or less valuable.

- *Sentence*: Soil degradation can lead to poor crop growth.

138. Explosions

- **Meaning**: Sudden and loud bursts of energy or noise.

- *Sentence*: The fireworks caused loud explosions in the night sky.

139. Firecrackers

- **Meaning**: Small explosive devices used for celebration.

- *Sentence*: We lit firecrackers to celebrate the festival.

140. Dormitory

- **Meaning**: A large bedroom where many people sleep, often in schools or camps.

- *Sentence*: The students stayed in the dormitory during the school trip.

141. Gigantic

- **Meaning**: Extremely large or enormous.

- *Sentence*: The gigantic whale leaped out of the water, amazing everyone.

142. Herded

- **Meaning**: Gathered or moved a group of animals or people together.

- *Sentence*: The shepherd herded the sheep into the pen before sunset.

143. **Scarcely**

- **Meaning:** Barely or almost not.
- *Sentence:* There was scarcely enough food left for everyone.

144. **Jolt**

- **Meaning:** A sudden movement or shock.
- *Sentence:* The bus came to a sudden stop, causing a jolt.

145. **Flung**

- **Meaning:** Threw something with force.
- *Sentence:* He flung the ball across the field during the game.

146. **Choking**

- **Meaning:** Struggling to breathe due to an obstruction.
- *Sentence:* She started choking on a piece of food but quickly drank water to help.

147. **Shrank**

- **Meaning:** Became smaller in size.
- *Sentence:* The sweater shrank after being washed in hot water.

148. **Vaguely**

- **Meaning:** Not clearly or precisely.
- *Sentence:* She could vaguely remember the details of her dream.

149. **Curlew**

- **Meaning:** A type of bird with a long, curved beak.
- *Sentence:* The curlew's song could be heard across the marshland.

150. **Hastens**

- **Meaning:** Speeds up or makes something happen faster.
- *Sentence:* Exercise hastens the recovery process after an illness.

151. **Tide**

- **Meaning:** The rise and fall of the sea level caused by the moon and sun.
- *Sentence:* The children built sandcastles before the tide came in.

152. **Efface**

- **Meaning:** To erase or remove completely.
- *Sentence:* Time could not efface the memories of their childhood adventures.

153. **Steeds**

- **Meaning:** Horses, especially ones used for riding.
- *Sentence:* The knights rode their steeds into battle.

154. **Ostler**

- **Meaning:** A person who takes care of horses at an inn.
- *Sentence:* The ostler fed and groomed the horses for the travelers.

155. **Shore**

- **Meaning:** The land along the edge of a sea, lake, or river.
- *Sentence:* We collected seashells on the shore during our beach trip.

156. **Revealed**

- **Meaning:** Made something known or visible.
- *Sentence:* The magician revealed the secret behind his trick.

157. **Ghastly**

- **Meaning:** Extremely unpleasant or horrifying.
- *Sentence:* The abandoned house had a ghastly appearance at night.

158. **Rags**

- **Meaning:** Old, torn pieces of cloth.
- *Sentence:* The old man wore clothes that were little more than rags.

159. **Decaying**

- **Meaning:** Rotting or breaking down over time.
- *Sentence:* The decaying leaves on the forest floor smelled earthy.

160. **Secure**

- **Meaning:** Safe and free from danger.
- *Sentence:* The children felt secure in their parents' care.

161. **Stripped off**

- **Meaning:** Removed clothing or covering from.
- *Sentence:* He stripped off his wet clothes after coming inside from the rain.

162. **Pulled aside**

- **Meaning:** Moved or drawn to the side.
- *Sentence:* The teacher pulled me aside to discuss my progress.

163. **Terrible**

- **Meaning:** Very unpleasant or distressing.
- *Sentence:* The accident left them with terrible injuries.

164. **Suburb**

- **Meaning:** A residential area on the outskirts of a city.
- *Sentence:* They moved to the suburbs to escape the city noise.

165. **Shutters**

- **Meaning:** Hinged coverings that block light and air from a window.
- *Sentence:* We closed the shutters to keep out the storm.

166. Planks

- **Meaning:** Flat pieces of wood, typically used for flooring.
- *Sentence:* The old pier was made of sturdy wooden planks.

167. Hurricane

- **Meaning:** A powerful tropical storm with high winds.
- *Sentence:* The hurricane destroyed many homes along the coast.

168. Ablaze

- **Meaning:** Burning intensely.
- *Sentence:* The forest was ablaze after the lightning strike.

169. Tragedy

- **Meaning:** A very sad or distressing event.
- *Sentence:* The tragedy of losing a loved one is hard to bear.

170. Ferocity

- **Meaning:** Intensity or fierceness.
- *Sentence:* The ferocity of the storm took everyone by surprise.

171. Intended

- **Meaning:** Planned or meant to happen.
- *Sentence:* His intended journey to the mountains was canceled due to bad weather.

172. Eruption

- **Meaning:** A sudden, violent outburst.
- *Sentence:* The volcano's eruption caused widespread devastation.

173. Devastation

- **Meaning:** Great damage or destruction.
- *Sentence:* The earthquake caused extensive devastation in the city.

174. Extinguished

- **Meaning:** Put out or quenched a fire.
- *Sentence:* The firefighters were able to extinguish the blaze before it spread.

175. Climate

- **Meaning:** The weather conditions in an area over a long period.
- *Sentence:* The climate in the Arctic is extremely cold.

176. Catastrophic

- **Meaning:** Causing sudden and widespread disaster.
- *Sentence:* The landslide was a catastrophic event for the small village.

177. Desperate

- **Meaning:** Having an urgent need or desire.
- *Sentence:* They were desperate to find shelter from the storm.

178. Riots

- **Meaning:** Violent disturbances or protests by a crowd.
- *Sentence:* The city was tense after days of riots.

179. Gusting

- **Meaning:** Strong, forceful winds.
- *Sentence:* The gusting winds made it hard to stand up.

180. Vulnerable

- **Meaning:** Open to harm, damage, or attack.
- *Sentence:* The elderly are especially vulnerable during extreme weather events.

181. Subsequent

- **Meaning:** Coming after something else.
- *Sentence:* The flood led to subsequent landslides in the region.

182. Organization

- **Meaning:** A group of people working together for a common purpose.
- *Sentence:* The relief organization provided aid to the flood victims.

183. Originated

- **Meaning:** Began or started.
- *Sentence:* This style of music originated in the southern United States.

184. Endemic

- **Meaning:** Regularly found in a certain area.
- *Sentence:* Malaria is endemic to some regions in Africa.

185. Humanitarian

- **Meaning:** Concerned with human welfare and relief of suffering.
- *Sentence:* The humanitarian organization distributed food and supplies to the refugees.

186. Capsize

- **Meaning:** Overturn
- *Sentence:* The boat started to capsize when a big wave hit it.

187. Transportation

- **Meaning:** The act of moving people or goods from one place to another.
- *Sentence:* Efficient transportation is crucial for the delivery of aid during emergencies.

188. Destroyed

- **Meaning:** Completely ruined or torn apart.
- *Sentence:* The fire destroyed everything in its path.

189. Solemnity

- **Meaning:** The state of being serious or earnest.
- *Sentence:* The memorial service was marked with great solemnity.

190. Ordeal

- **Meaning:** A painful or difficult experience.
- *Sentence:* Surviving the earthquake was an ordeal for the affected community.

191. Giggles

- **Meaning:** A light, silly laugh.
- *Sentence:* The children burst into giggles when they heard a funny joke.

192. Upturned

- **Meaning:** Turned or flipped upwards.
- *Sentence:* The overturned boat was found washed up on the shore.

193. Squeaky

- **Meaning:** High-pitched and sharp.
- *Sentence:* The new shoes made a squeaky noise when she walked.

194. Squeezing

- **Meaning:** Pressing or forcing something tightly.
- *Sentence:* She squeezed the toothpaste tube to get the last bit out.

195. Clarinet

- **Meaning:** A musical instrument with a single-reed mouthpiece.
- *Sentence:* The clarinet's sweet notes filled the room.

196. Triumphant

- **Meaning:** Feeling or expressing joy after a victory or success.
- *Sentence:* The team was triumphant after winning the championship.

197. Dismayed

- **Meaning:** Disappointed or upset.
- *Sentence:* She was dismayed by the news of her friend's departure.

198. Staggered

- **Meaning:** Walked or moved unsteadily.
- *Sentence:* The drunk man staggered home after the party.

199. Decimated

- **Meaning:** Reduced drastically in number.
- *Sentence:* The disease decimated the population of birds in the region.

200. Enclosures

- **Meaning:** Fenced or walled areas used to hold animals or objects.
- *Sentence:* The zoo enclosures were designed to mimic the animals' natural habitats.

201. Triggered

- **Meaning:** Set off or caused something to happen.
- *Sentence:* The small accident triggered a massive explosion.

202. Extinction

- **Meaning:** The state of being no longer in existence.
- *Sentence:* Dodo birds became extinct due to hunting and habitat destruction.

203. Tremendous

- **Meaning:** Very great in amount, size, or intensity.
- *Sentence:* The storm caused tremendous damage to the coast.

204. Strenuous

- **Meaning:** Requiring a lot of effort or energy.
- *Sentence:* Climbing the mountain was a strenuous activity.

205. Avalanches

- **Meaning:** Large masses of snow, ice, and debris falling rapidly down a mountain.
- *Sentence:* Avalanches are a constant danger in the mountainous areas.

206. Intervention

- **Meaning:** The action of intervening to improve a situation.
- *Sentence:* The humanitarian intervention brought relief to the disaster-stricken area.

207. Scavengers

- **Meaning:** Animals or organisms that feed on dead or decaying matter.
- *Sentence:* Vultures are scavengers that help clean up the environment.

208. Carcasses

- **Meaning:** Dead bodies of animals.
- *Sentence:* The carcasses of fish floated in the polluted river.

209. Endeavours

- **Meaning:** Attempts or efforts.

- *Sentence*: Their conservation endeavours have helped protect endangered species.

210. Elusive

- **Meaning**: Difficult to find, catch, or achieve.
- *Sentence*: The elusive butterfly remained hidden among the flowers.

211. Surveillance

- **Meaning**: Close observation, especially of a suspected spy or criminal.
- *Sentence*: The area was under constant surveillance to prevent crimes.

212. Predator

- **Meaning**: An animal that naturally preys on others.
- *Sentence*: Lions are predators that hunt other animals for food.

213. Enterprise

- **Meaning**: A project or activity that is difficult, complicated, or risky.
- *Sentence*: Their enterprise to build a new hospital faced many challenges.

214. Poacher

- **Meaning**: A person who illegally hunts or catches wild animals.
- *Sentence*: Poachers threaten the survival of many animal species.

215. Trample

- **Meaning**: To step heavily on and crush.
- *Sentence*: The herd of elephants trampled the crops in the field.

216. Terminus

- **Meaning**: The end or final point of a route.
- *Sentence*: The bus terminus is a busy place during rush hours.

217. Tarred

- **Meaning**: Covered or coated with tar.
- *Sentence*: The road was tarred to prevent dust and erosion.

218. Corrugated

- **Meaning**: Folded into parallel ridges or furrows.
- *Sentence*: The roof was corrugated metal to withstand heavy rains.

219. Enormous

- **Meaning**: Very large in size, quantity, or degree.
- *Sentence*: The damage caused by the flood was enormous.

220. Massive

- **Meaning**: Large and heavy.
- *Sentence*: The massive rocks formed a natural barrier along the coast.

221. Gigantic

- **Meaning:** Extremely large in size or extent.
- *Sentence:* The gigantic waves crashed against the shore during the storm.

222. Thrust

- **Meaning:** Push.
- *Sentence:* He used all his strength to thrust the heavy door open.

223. Diligent

- **Meaning:** Showing careful and consistent effort.
- *Sentence:* The scientist made diligent efforts to study the effects of climate change.

224. Patented

- **Meaning:** Legally protected with a patent.
- *Sentence:* The new invention was patented to protect the creator's rights.

225. Disguise

- **Meaning:** To conceal the identity of something or someone.
- *Sentence:* The detective used a disguise to catch the thief unawares.

226. Loathe

- **Meaning:** To feel intense dislike or disgust for.
- *Sentence:* I loathe being late to meetings.

227. Nocturnal

- **Meaning:** Active at night.
- *Sentence:* Owls are nocturnal creatures that hunt in the dark.

228. Spores

- **Meaning:** A small, usually single-celled reproductive unit capable of developing into a new individual.
- *Sentence:* Mold reproduces by releasing spores into the air.

229. Stripping

- **Meaning:** Removing a covering or surface layer.
- *Sentence:* The workers were stripping the old paint off the walls.

230. Glinting

- **Meaning:** Reflecting light with a sparkling, shiny appearance.
- *Sentence:* The water was glinting in the sunlight.

231. Ferrous

- **Meaning:** Relating to or containing iron.
- *Sentence:* The ferrous minerals found in the soil give it a reddish color.

232. Intensified

- **Meaning:** Made greater or more intense.
- *Sentence:* The storm's winds intensified as the day went on.

233. Dredged

- **Meaning:** To clean out by digging, especially to remove silt from the bottom.
- *Sentence:* The river was dredged to allow boats to pass more easily.

234. Conscientious

- **Meaning:** Very careful and diligent.
- *Sentence:* She was a conscientious student, always completing her assignments on time.

235. Eluded

- **Meaning:** To escape from, either physically or mentally.
- *Sentence:* The suspect eluded capture for weeks.

236. Hauled out

- **Meaning:** Pulled or dragged something out.
- *Sentence:* They hauled out the boat from the water after the storm.

237. Treasure

- **Meaning:** A collection of valuable things.
- *Sentence:* The pirate hid his treasure deep in the cave.

238. Adrenaline

- **Meaning:** A hormone that prepares the body for 'fight or flight' action.
- *Sentence:* The adrenaline rush from the roller coaster ride was exhilarating.

239. Hazardous

- **Meaning:** Involving danger or risk.
- *Sentence:* Climbing the mountain can be a hazardous activity without proper equipment.

240. Unexploded

- **Meaning:** Not yet exploded
- **Sentence:** The unexploded bomb posed a serious threat to the nearby village.

241. Ammunition

- **Meaning:** Supply of bullets or shells
- **Sentence:** Soldiers needed more ammunition to continue their defense.

242. Obscurity

- **Meaning:** State of being unknown or not easily seen

- **Sentence:** The poet's works remained in obscurity until they were rediscovered years later.

243. Nasty

- **Meaning:** Unpleasant or bad
- **Sentence:** The nasty smell in the old cabin was due to poor ventilation.

244. Gashes

- **Meaning:** Deep, long cuts or wounds
- **Sentence:** The hiker's legs were covered with gashes after falling through the bramble.

245. Ragged

- **Meaning:** Tattered or torn
- **Sentence:** The ragged tents were barely standing against the strong wind.

246. Notorious

- **Meaning:** Widely known for some bad quality or deed
- **Sentence:** The notorious criminal had escaped from jail many times before.

247. Jettisoned

- **Meaning:** Thrown or dropped as from an aircraft or ship
- **Sentence:** The cargo was jettisoned to lighten the ship during the storm.

248. Horde

- **Meaning:** A large group or crowd
- **Sentence:** A horde of tourists invaded the small, picturesque town.

249. Embedded

- **Meaning:** Firmly and deeply fixed in place
- **Sentence:** The old nail was so deeply embedded in the wall that it took some effort to remove it.

250. Prowl

- **Meaning:** Move stealthily
- **Sentence:** The lion prowled through the savannah at night, searching for prey.

251. Intricate

- **Meaning:** Having many complex or interconnected parts
- **Sentence:** The intricate pattern on the ancient rug told a story from a bygone era.

252. Promptly

- **Meaning:** Quickly or without delay
- **Sentence:** She answered the phone promptly, eager to hear the news.

253. Stoical

- **Meaning:** Enduring pain without showing emotion
- **Sentence:** The stoical soldier showed no fear as the battle raged around him.

254. Drainage

- **Meaning:** System for carrying off excess water
- **Sentence:** Proper drainage is essential to prevent flooding in the lowlands.

255. Conjoined

- **Meaning:** Joined together
- **Sentence:** The two buildings were conjoined to form a single structure.

256. Stupendous

- **Meaning:** Of amazing size or quality
- **Sentence:** The stupendous fireworks display lit up the night sky.

257. Inhospitable

- **Meaning:** Not welcoming or friendly
- **Sentence:** The inhospitable desert made survival a daily struggle.

258. Incongruous

- **Meaning:** Not fitting or out of place
- **Sentence:** The old-fashioned car looked incongruous parked outside the modern skyscraper.

259. Viability

- **Meaning:** Capability of working successfully
- **Sentence:** The new business idea's viability was questioned due to lack of market demand.

260. Prognosis

- **Meaning:** A forecast or prediction, especially about a disease
- **Sentence:** The doctor's prognosis was hopeful, but the treatment would be challenging.

261. Stunting

- **Meaning:** Preventing growth or development
- **Sentence:** Poor nutrition can lead to stunting in children, affecting their physical and mental development.

262. Peasants

- **Meaning:** People of low social status, especially in rural areas
- **Sentence:** The peasants in the village worked hard to grow enough food for their families.

263. Upstream

- **Meaning:** In the direction against the flow of a river
- **Sentence:** The boat struggled to row upstream against the strong current.

264. Quartets

- **Meaning:** Foursome
- **Sentence:** The music competition featured several talented quartets performing classical pieces.

265. Horizon

- **Meaning:** The line at which the earth's surface and the sky appear to meet
- **Sentence:** The sun set on the horizon, casting a beautiful orange glow across the sky.

266. Rowed

- **Meaning:** Moved a boat with oars
- **Sentence:** They rowed across the lake, enjoying the peacefulness of the setting sun.

267. Murmured

- **Meaning:** Said in a low, soft voice
- **Sentence:** She murmured softly, not wanting to wake the sleeping child.

268. Oar

- **Meaning:** A long pole used to row a boat
- **Sentence:** The rower used the oar to steer the boat through the calm water.

269. Piercing

- **Meaning:** Sharp and intense
- **Sentence:** The piercing wind cut through their clothes as they hiked along the mountain path.

270. Shriek

- **Meaning:** A loud, high-pitched cry
- **Sentence:** The child's shriek echoed through the empty house.

271. Trembled

- **Meaning:** Shook slightly
- **Sentence:** His hands trembled as he tried to steady the cup of coffee.

272. Stranded

- **Meaning:** Left without means to move or proceed
- **Sentence:** The car was stranded in the snow after the blizzard hit.

273. Sprang

- **Meaning:** Leaped or jumped suddenly

- **Sentence:** The deer sprang over the fence with ease.

274. Bridle

- **Meaning:** A headgear used to control a horse
- **Sentence:** The rider adjusted the bridle to guide the horse smoothly.

275. Surging

- **Meaning:** Moving or swelling suddenly and powerfully
- **Sentence:** The waves surged against the rocky shore, crashing loudly.

276. Shallows

- **Meaning:** Areas of water with little depth
- **Sentence:** The boat sailed into the shallows, where the water was only knee-deep.

277. Stiffened

- **Meaning:** Made firm or rigid
- **Sentence:** The cold night air stiffened his muscles.

278. Clinging

- **Meaning:** Sticking closely to
- **Sentence:** The child clinging to his mother looked for comfort.

279. Mane

- **Meaning:** Long hair growing from the top of an animal's neck, especially a lion's
- **Sentence:** The lion's mane was a beautiful golden color.

280. Sedately

- **Meaning:** In a calm, composed manner
- **Sentence:** She walked sedately across the room, not wanting to disturb anyone.

281. Cathedrals

- **Meaning:** Large and significant churches
- **Sentence:** The cathedrals in Europe are known for their beautiful architecture.

282. Intrepid

- **Meaning:** Very brave and fearless
- **Sentence:** The intrepid explorer ventured into the heart of the jungle.

283. Exotic

- **Meaning:** Attractive because it is unusual or different from what is familiar
- **Sentence:** The exotic birds in the rainforest were a sight to behold.

284. Glorious

- **Meaning:** Magnificent or splendid
- **Sentence:** The sunset over the mountains was absolutely glorious.

285. Exuberant

- **Meaning:** Full of energy and excitement
- **Sentence:** The children were exuberant as they played in the park.

286. Expeditions

- **Meaning:** Journeys undertaken for a specific purpose
- **Sentence:** The scientist organized several expeditions to study marine life.

287. Ecstasy

- **Meaning:** A feeling of extreme joy
- **Sentence:** The ecstasy on their faces showed their excitement at the news.

288. Liberty

- **Meaning:** Freedom from restrictions or control
- **Sentence:** The country fought for its liberty and independence.

289. Novelty

- **Meaning:** The quality of being new or unusual
- **Sentence:** The novelty of the amusement park ride quickly wore off after several turns.

290. Flocked

- **Meaning:** Gathered or moved together in a group
- **Sentence:** The children flocked to the park after school.

291. Abolished

- **Meaning:** Formally ended or abolished
- **Sentence:** Slavery was finally abolished in many countries in the 19th century.

292. Submerged

- **Meaning:** Covered with water
- **Sentence:** The car was submerged after the heavy rain caused flooding.

293. Paddled

- **Meaning:** Moved a small boat through the water using hands or a short pole
- **Sentence:** They paddled their canoe down the river, enjoying the peaceful view.

294. Crestfallen

- **Meaning:** Disheartened or dejected
- **Sentence:** He looked crestfallen after losing the race.

295. Winced

- **Meaning:** Grimaced in pain or embarrassment
- **Sentence:** She winced as the nurse cleaned the small cut.

296. Lured

- **Meaning:** Attracted
- **Sentence:** The smell of fresh cookies lured the children into the kitchen.

297. Quell

- **Meaning:** Put an end to, typically by force
- **Sentence:** The police had to quell the riot before it could spread further.

298. Porters

- **Meaning: Carriers**
- **Sentence:** The porters helped carry our bags up the mountain during the hike.

299. Cramped

- **Meaning:** Tight
- **Sentence:** The small tent felt cramped with all five of us inside.

300. Largesse

- **Meaning:** Generosity in giving, especially with money or gifts
- **Sentence:** Her largesse in donating to charity made a big difference in society.

- سوال نمبر ۱۔ درج ذیل عنوانات پر مضمون تحریر کریں:
- اگر مجھے چاند پر جانے کا موقع ملے۔ میرا پسندیدہ تفریحی مقام سا لگرہ کی تیاری اور تحفے
- سوال نمبر ۲۔ کوئی سے پانچ جملے لکھیں۔ ان جملوں کو پہلے منفی اور پھر سوالیہ میں تبدیل کریں۔
- سوال نمبر ۳۔ ہمارے لیے اللہ تعالیٰ کی سب سے بڑی نعمت ہمارے والدین ہیں۔ اس موضوع پر پیرا گراف لکھیں۔
- سوال نمبر ۴۔ نبی کریم ﷺ اپنے تمام کام اپنے ہاتھوں سے کرتے تھے۔ آپ اپنے کون کون سے کام اپنے ہاتھوں سے کرتے ہیں فہرست تیار کریں۔
- سوال نمبر ۵۔ چارٹ پر دو درخت بنائیں۔ ایک درخت پر اپنی پسندیدہ عادات اور دوسرے درخت پر ناپسندیدہ عادات تحریر کریں۔
- سوال نمبر ۶۔ پانی کی اہمیت اور ضرورت پر دس جملے لکھیں۔
- سوال نمبر ۷۔ ایک کتابچہ تیار کریں جس میں پاکستان میں موجود تاریخی عمارات کی تصاویر لگا کر ان کے بارے میں مفید معلومات لکھیں۔
- سوال نمبر ۸۔ نظام شمسی کے سیاروں اور ان کے بارے میں معلومات پر مبنی ایک کتابچہ تیار کریں۔
- سوال نمبر ۹۔ کوئی سے دس محاورات کو اپنے جملوں میں استعمال کریں۔
- سوال نمبر ۱۰۔ قومی ترانہ لکھیں اور زبانی یاد کریں۔
- سوال نمبر ۱۱۔ درج ذیل بے ترتیب الفاظ کو ترتیب دے کر جملے بنائیں۔

۱۔ دولت۔ بہتر۔ ہے۔ علم۔ سے۔ اسے۔ کوئی۔ چھین۔ سکتا۔ کیونکہ۔ نہیں۔

۲۔ خرچ۔ کرنے۔ علم۔ سے۔ بڑھتا۔ ہے۔ اور۔ دولت۔ ہے۔ گھٹتی۔

۳۔ اللہ۔ نیکی۔ پسند۔ کرنے۔ والوں۔ کرتا ہے۔ کو۔

۴۔ بزرگوں۔ عزت۔ اور۔ کی۔ کرو۔ کے ساتھ۔ چھوٹوں۔ محبت۔ سے۔ آؤ۔ پیش۔

۵۔ غرور۔ کبھی۔ نہ۔ کرو۔ اللہ تعالیٰ۔ پسند۔ کرتا۔ غرور کرنے والوں۔ نہیں۔ کو۔

۶۔ جب۔ امانت۔ کی جائے۔ سپرد۔ کوئی۔ تمہارے۔ نہ۔ کرو۔ تو۔ میں۔ اس۔ خیانت۔

سوال نمبر 12- درج ذیل الفاظ ایک سے زیادہ معانی رکھتے ہیں۔ ہر لفظ کو دو مختلف معانی میں استعمال کر کے جملے بنائیں۔

الفاظ	جملے
۱- بار	_____
بار	_____
۲- ادا	_____
ادا	_____
۳- آرا	_____
آرا	_____
۴- آب	_____
آب	_____
۵- عہد	_____
عہد	_____

سوال نمبر 13- بلحاظ املا غلط فقرات کی اصلاح کریں۔

غلط فقرات	درست فقرات
۱- اس کی نذر کمزور ہے۔	_____
۲- وہ امتہان میں فعل ہو گیا۔	_____
۳- خدا میرا ہامی و ناصر ہو۔	_____
۴- غریب کی مدد کرنا صواب ہے۔	_____
۵- وہ لڑکا واقعی کابل ہے۔	_____
۶- بچے ماصوم ہوتے ہیں۔	_____
۷- پنسل استعمال کرو۔	_____
۸- مجھے گھر سے بہار جانا ہے۔	_____

1. Multiply the following numbers:

$$\begin{array}{r} 3148 \\ \times 456 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 7256 \\ \times 295 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 3775 \\ \times 510 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 962 \\ \times 224 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 18592 \\ \times 485 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2. Divide numbers up to 5-digit by 2-digit number:

$$38 \overline{)48375}$$

Solve 10 more questions (Reference text book Grade 5, Exe # 1c)

3. Find LCM by Division method and prime factorization method.

42, 18, 12

Solve 10 more questions (Reference text book Grade 5, Exe # 2b)

4. Divide the fraction.

$$\frac{37}{25} \div \frac{1}{75}$$

Solve 5 more questions (Reference text book Grade 5, Exe # 3c)

5. Construct a ΔJKL where $m\angle J=68^\circ$, $m\angle K=82^\circ$, what is $m\angle L$.

6. Find the perimeter of a square by using formula

i. 12cm ii. 32cm iii. 48cm

7. Find the area of a rectangle by using formula

i. $l=5\text{cm}$, $b=3\text{cm}$ ii. $l=15\text{cm}$, $b=9\text{cm}$ iii. $l=22\text{cm}$, $b=5\text{cm}$

8. Do as directed:

i. How many sides does an octagon have?

ii. A truck has 5 wheels on each side. How many wheels altogether on 4 trucks?

iii. By how much is 7×9 greater than 50?

iv. If half of my money is Rs. 24, what is $\frac{1}{8}$ of it?

v. How many seconds are there in 10 minutes?

9. Fill in the blanks:

i. _____ \times 9 = 36

ii. _____ \times 6 = 42

iii. _____ \div 3 = 9

iv. _____ \div 9 = 8

v. _____ \div 9 = 5

vi. $3000 + 600 + 7 =$ _____

vii. $100 - (3 \times 15) =$ _____

viii. $30 \text{ kg} \times$ _____ $= 300 \text{ kg}$

ix. $700 - 80 =$ _____

10. Write the numbers names.

i. 3,89,009

ii. 4,00,034

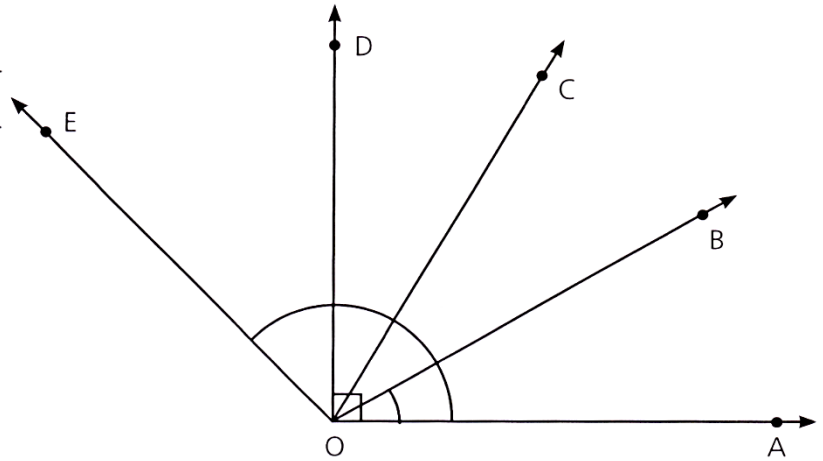
iii. 89,129

iv. 52,060

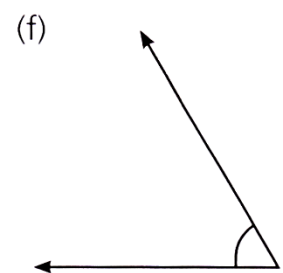
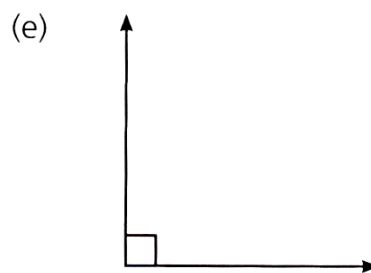
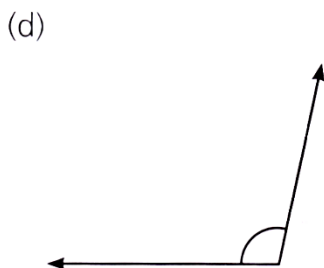
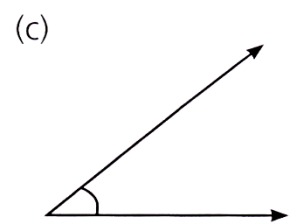
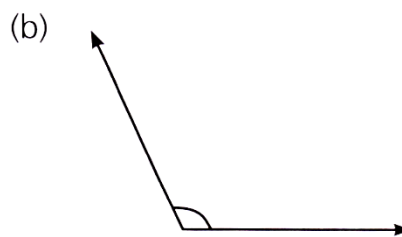
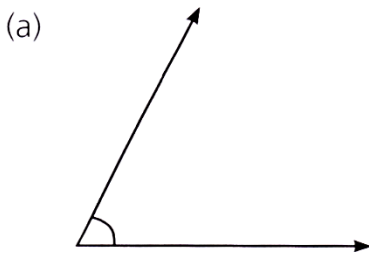
v. 4,02,098

11. Measure the following angles in the figure shown.

- (a) $m \angle AOB =$ _____
- (b) $m \angle AOC =$ _____
- (c) $m \angle AOD =$ _____
- (d) $m \angle AOE =$ _____
- (e) $m \angle BOC =$ _____
- (f) $m \angle BOD =$ _____
- (g) $m \angle BOE =$ _____



12. Measure and identify whether the given angles are acute, obtuse or right angles.



13. Fill in the blanks:

- i. The successor of the greatest 6-digit number is _____
- ii. The predecessor of the least 7-digit number is. _____
- iii. Write the number which is 100 more than 4,32,81,517. _____
- iv. Write the number which is 1,000 less than 70,46,283. _____
- v. The successor of greatest 7-digit number is. _____
- vi. The predecessor of the greatest 8-digit number is. _____
- vii. The successor of greatest 8-digit number is. _____
- viii. Write the number which is 10,000 more than 8,70,95,120. _____
- ix. Write the number which is 5,000 less than 85,39,282. _____

- سوال نمبر 1- وقت کی پابندی کے فوائد تحریر کریں۔
- سوال نمبر 2: درج ذیل عنوان پر اپنی رائے کا اظہار کریں:
- نبی اکرم صلی اللہ علیہ والہ وسلم کی تعلیمات پر عمل کرنا کامیابی کا واحد راستہ ہے۔
- سوال نمبر 3: حج اسلام کی ایک اہم عبادت ہے حج کا مسنون طریقہ تحریر کریں۔
- سوال نمبر 4: باطنی اور ظاہری طہارت کا مفہوم واضح کریں۔
- سوال نمبر 5: نماز کی اہمیت و فضیلت پر ایک جامع نوٹ لکھیں۔
- سوال نمبر 6- بیانات کو درست ترتیب دے کر غزوہ بدر کا واقعہ مکمل کریں۔
- 1- مسلمان لشکر کی تعداد 313 جب کہ کفار کے لشکر کی تعداد 1000 تھی۔
 - 2- اسلام اور کفر کے درمیان پہلی جنگ 17 رمضان المبارک کو بدر کے مقام پر لڑی گئی۔
 - 3- اللہ تعالیٰ نے مسلمانوں کی مدد کے لیے آسمان سے فرشتے اتارے۔
 - 4- جنگ کا آغاز انفرادی مقابلے سے ہوا۔
 - 5- کفار کے 70 آدمی قتل ہوئے اور 70 گرفتار ہوئے۔
 - 6- حضرت حمزہ، حضرت علی اور حضرت عبیدہ رضی اللہ عنہم نے ان کے تینوں سرداروں کو ڈھیر کر دیا۔
 - 7- اللہ تعالیٰ نے غزوہ بدر میں مسلمانوں کو کامیابی عطا کی۔

سوال نمبر 7: حضرت علی رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ کا تعارف مکمل کریں۔

- 1- حضرت علی کا پورا نام _____
- 2- حضرت علی کا خاندان _____
- 3- والد کا نام _____
- 4- والدہ کا نام _____
- 5- بہن کا نام _____
- 6- حضرت علی کا لقب _____
- 7- مسلمانوں کے خلیفہ _____
- 8- خوبیاں _____
- 9- خلافت کی مدت _____
- 10- شہادت _____

سوال نمبر 8: دن رات میں کتنی نمازیں فرض ہیں؟ ان کی فہرست بنائیں اور ہر نماز کی رکعات بھی لکھیں۔

نماز کا نام	وقت	فرضوں کی تعداد	سنتوں کی تعداد	وتر کی تعداد

سوال نمبر 9- احادیث بمعہ ترجمہ زبانی یاد کریں۔

۱- إِذَا لَمْ تَسْتَحِيْ فَاصْنَعْ مَا شِئْتُمْ

ترجمہ: جب تم حیاء نہ کرو تو جو چاہے کرو۔ (صحیح بخاری: ۶۱۲۰)

۲- مَنْ يُحْرِمِ الرَّفِيقَ يُحْرِمِ الْخَيْرَ كُلَّهُ

ترجمہ: جو شخص نرم عادت سے محروم رہا، وہ ساری بھلائی سے محروم رہا۔ (صحیح مسلم: ۶۶۰۰)

۳- لَا يَدْخُلُ الْجَنَّةَ قَاطِعٌ

ترجمہ: رشتہ قطع کرنے والا جنت میں نہ جائے گا۔ (صحیح بخاری: ۶۰۵۶ و صحیح مسلم: ۶۵۲۱)

۴- لَا يُؤْمِنُ أَحَدُكُمْ حَتَّىٰ يُحِبَّ لِأَخِيهِ مَا يُحِبُّ لِنَفْسِهِ

ترجمہ: کوئی بندہ اس وقت تک (پورا) مومن نہیں ہو سکتا جب تک اپنے بھائی کے لیے وہی پسند نہ کرے جو اپنے لیے پسند کرتا ہے۔ (صحیح بخاری: ۱۳ و صحیح مسلم: ۱۷۰)

۵- أَنَا خَاتَمُ النَّبِيِّينَ لَا نَبِيَّ بَعْدِي

ترجمہ: میں آخری نبی ہوں، میرے بعد کوئی نبی پیدا نہ ہوگا۔ (جامع ترمذی: ۲۲۱۹)

۶- مَنْ غَشَّ فَلَيْسَ مِنِّي

ترجمہ: جو دھوکا دی کرے وہ مجھ میں سے نہیں ہے۔ (صحیح مسلم: ۲۸۴)

کیا آپ جانتے ہیں؟

اس حصے میں صحیح بخاری اور صحیح مسلم کی احادیث دی گئی ہیں۔

یہ دونوں کتابیں

”صحاح ستہ“ میں شامل ہیں۔

صحیح بخاری، امام محمد بن اسماعیل

بخاری کی تالیف ہے جبکہ

صحیح مسلم، ابو احسین مسلم بن حجاج

کی تالیف ہے۔ صحیح بخاری اور

صحیح مسلم کو ”سنیین“ بھی کہتے

ہیں۔



1. Paste a picture of any one endangered and any one extinct animal and write 5 sentences about them.
2. Wild animals are coming to our cities. One of the reasons being Deforestation. Try and find out other such reasons. (get information about any National Park and study the conditions of living of animals there) Make a poster on Save Wild Life.
3. Write about the main causes of increasing air pollution in our country. Suggest a few measures to decrease air pollution in your locality.
4. Collect different types of soil samples and identify them as to which type it belongs. Which soil do you think will be best for pottery making? Why do you think so?
5. Compose power point presentations comprising of 8-10 slides for the mentioned topic. Make sure you will use your own words while producing the same information.
 - i. Different body organs and their functions.
6. During the last 100 years, humans have developed many new technologies for moving people and goods from one place to another.
 - i. Part A: Identify one way that technology used for transportation has changed.
 - ii. Part B: Explain one positive impact this change has had on society or the environment.
7. Describe the role of stem and flower in the life cycle of a flower. Preserve any flower and label its parts.
8. Write down the names of diseases caused by given microorganism, their symptoms and mode of transmission.

Microorganism	Diseases	Symptoms	Mode of Transmission
Protozoa			
Viruses			
Bacteria			
Fungi			

1. Write a brief note about the “Deserts of Pakistan” by keeping in view the following points:
 - i. How much of Pakistan’s total area is covered by the deserts?
 - ii. How many deserts are there in Pakistan? Name them.
 - iii. Highlight three important deserts of Pakistan.
2. Do a mini research on any five “**Famous historical figures of Pakistan**” like Fatima Jinnah, Sir Syed Ahmed Khan, Abdul Qadir Khan etc also write some of their contributions for Pakistan.
3. What do you know about “**Citizenship**” and “**Responsibility**”? Write a few lines about the importance of being a responsible and respectful member of the community.
4. Investigate about different cultural celebrations around the world like **New year, Thanksgiving, Diwali etc** and write a note based on your investigation.
5. Write down a few reasons of climate change with reference to the impacts of human activities on climate.
6. Write a fact file of King Ashoka.
7. Write down the information about the following countries given below.

Country	Capital	Currency	Important places
Spain			
Saudia Arabia			
Oman			
China			
Canada			
U.S.A			
U.K			
Kuwait			

8. Complete the chart given below.
 - i. Write what is good about each invention.
 - ii. Write what is bad about each invention.

Invention	Good 	Bad 
Electricity		
Phone		
Car		
Camera		
Television		

9. Here are some sayings about money. Write down what you think each one means. Then say if you agree with it or not and why.

1. Money can't buy happiness.

a. I think this means _____

b. I agree/disagree because _____

2. Health is better than wealth.

a. I think this means _____

b. I agree/disagree because _____

3. If you lend someone some money and you never see this person again, it was probably worth it.

a. I think this means _____

b. I agree/disagree because _____

4. Money doesn't grow on trees.

a. I think this means _____

b. I agree/disagree because _____

5. The best things in life are free.

a. I think this means _____

b. I agree/disagree because _____

- Q1. What are touch screens, how do they work, and where are they being used today? How many different places or jobs use touch screens, and why are they important? Research and explain five uses of touch screens in everyday life, such as in phones, tablets, and other devices.
- Q2. You are planning a school event and need to track the number of tickets sold for different activities. Create a table in Excel with the following columns: "Activity," "Tickets Sold," and "Ticket Price."
Then, calculate the total amount of money raised for each activity. Use the following data:

Activity	Tickets Sold	Tickets Price
Book Fair	100	500
Spelling Bee	75	1000
Kangaroo Contest	60	1000

In the "Total Raised" column, multiply the number of tickets sold by the ticket price for each event. Use an Excel formula to calculate the total automatically.

Take a print out and submit with rest of the answers.

- Q3. What are touch screens, how do they work, and where are they being used today? Research and explain how touch screens are used in everyday life, such as in phones, tablets, and other devices. How many different places or jobs use touch screens, and why are they important?
- Q4. There are a number of situations when it is really important to say NO! Create an advertisement for Modernite, encouraging students to say NO! to drugs, smoking, strangers, dropping litter, wasting water or something else you feel passionate about.
- Q5. Talha's mother is a dietician. She wants him to make a presentation on balanced diet and its merits. Create a presentation of your own on same topic. Also add animation and transition effects to make it more interesting. Submit in Computer lab.

1. Write any Ayat of Quran e Pak by using the Calligraphy technique.
2. Use software or online platforms to design and illustrate your ideal winter home, experimenting with colours, textures, and details unique to the winter season.